

What You Need to Know About SNAP Employment & Training, Changes to the 2018 Farm Bill



Featured Webinar Speakers:



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Agenda

- Introduction Ellen Vollinger
- General Overview: Basics of SNAP E&T Roxana Rodriguez
- 2018 Farm Bill Provisions and FNS guidance Ed Bolen
- Next Steps and Resources
 Roxana Rodriguez



Introduction

The 2018 Farm Bill was re-authorized and signed into law on December 20, 2018.

- FRAC's Farm Bill Implementation Resources 2018
- USDA FNS 2018 Farm Bill policy memoranda
- <u>SNAP Section 4005 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 -</u> Informational Memorandum
- <u>SNAP Section 4005 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 -</u> Informational Memorandum
- Upcoming FRAC Brief: SNAP E&T and the 2018 Farm Bill





Overview of SNAP E&T

SNAP Overview

- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
 Program (SNAP) provides monthly
 benefits to eligible low-income people to
 purchase food
- In addition to providing nutrition assistance, SNAP programs include services via
 - SNAP-Ed, SNAP E&T
- Now that the Farm Bill has been reauthorized, the next steps involve implementation.





SNAP and Work Registration

- People ages 16 through 59

-Exemptions:

-physically or mentally unfit for employment

-care for a child under age 6 or an incapacitated person

- -employed at 30 hours/week
- participating in a work program
- in school half-time or more

Source:



SNAP and Time Limits

- Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents age 18 to 50
- Face SNAP eligibility time limits (3 months out of 36 months) unless documenting 80 work hours per month

- Exemptions:
 - Screen out those who are exempt
 - Area waivers
 - Limited pools of individual exemptions
 - SNAP E&T



SNAP Participants and Labor Force Attachment

- Among SNAP recipients of working age who do not have a work-limiting disability, over 50 percent work while receiving SNAP
- Many unemployed childless adults on SNAP have recent work experience.
- A USDA study found that a majority of SNAP E&T enrollees reported participating in SNAP E&T in order to keep their SNAP benefits.

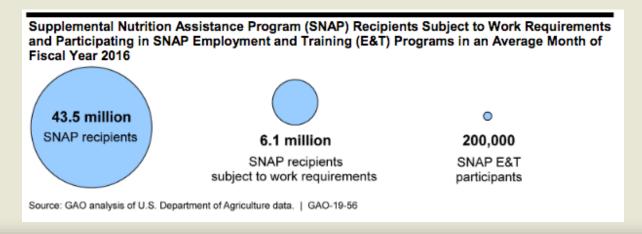


Source: Grant K, Aderonmu F, Khan S, et al. Unworkable & Unwise: Conditioning Access to Programs That Ensure a Basic Foundation for Families on Work Requirements.; 2019:45.



SNAP E&T Overview

- SNAP E&T services aim to help SNAP participants gain skills, training, or work experience to increase their employability.
- Services can help certain adults comply with eligibility rules related to work hours.
- States have flexibility on program design





Components

- SNAP E&T programs may include participant assessment, employment and training activities, and supportive services
- States must describe services in an annual SNAP E&T Plan that is submitted to USDA
- SNAP E&T services are offered by States or State partners

PARTICIPANT ASSESSMENT

- Assessment for SNAP E&T eligibility
- Assessment of employment and training needs/interests

ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANT

- On SNAP in month they participate in component (except job retention)
- Not receiving TANF cash assistance
- Able to work upon program completion

EMPLOYMENT & TRAINING ACTIVITIES

(States select one or more to offer)

- · Job Search/Job Search Training
- Workfare or Community Service
- Work Experience (e.g. on-the-job training, apprenticeships)
- Self-Employment Program
- Educational programs, including basic skills and English language learning, directly linked to employment
- · Vocational Education
- Job Retention (for 90 days post-employment)

SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

Reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in employment and training activities. Examples:

- Transportation
- Dependent care costs
- Safety equipment
- · Supplies & books

Source: FNS SNAP to Skills, What is SNAP E&T? https://snaptoskills.fns.usda.gov/about-snap-skills/what-is-snap-et

Alignment with Other Programs

- TANF
- WIOA
- Workforce Development
- <u>US Conference of Mayors Workforce Development Council</u>





Updates to 2018 Farm Bill and FNS Guidance (Ed Bolen)

Changes in 2018 Farm Bill

Adds allowable activities:

- Supervised job search
- Subsidized employment
- Apprenticeships
- Effective pilot activities

Subtracts self-initiated job search

Requires case management

Emphasizes assessments

Modestly increases funding

Better connections to workforce partnerships, collaboration



Changes to 2018 Farm Bill

Job search activities must be:

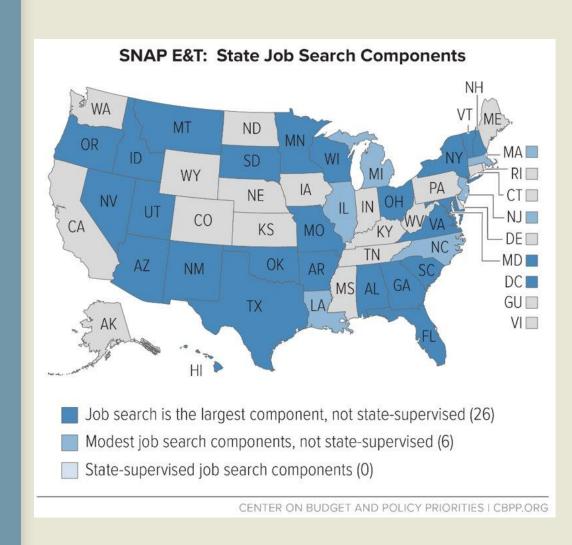
- Directly supervised
- In a state-approved location
- Tracked in accordance with state guidelines

Considerations

- Required in 2020 State Plan
- State discretion to define terms
- Job search as part of another component



Big Changes for Job Search?





Changes to 2018 Farm Bill

Case Management must be part of state E&T program

Considerations

- Required in 2020 State Plan
- What is case management?
- Scope and intensity
- Tracking



Changes to 2018 Farm Bill

Individuals ill-suited for an E&T component must be referred to more appropriate activity or reassessed for physical or mental fitness.

Considerations

- States must assess individuals for appropriate E&T activity
- States must also screen for exemptions
- Mistakes happen!
- E&T provider may do own assessment
- Communication between provider and agency





Next Steps

Timeline for Key Dates

August 15 2019 FY 2020 State Plans Due

October 1, 2019 Start of FY2020

TBA FNS Rule Making



Ways to Make a Difference

- Foster dialogue and communication among State SNAP agencies and other stakeholders
- Gather information about State SNAP E&T plans and program design
- Share best practices
- Seek feedback and input from SNAP E&T participants and other people with lived experience of hunger and poverty

Source: SNAP-ET-Advocates-Guide-and-Messaging-Tool. http://www.seattlejobsinitiative.com/wp-content/uploads/SNAP-ET-Advocates-Guide-and-Messaging-Tool.pdf.





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